

Next: [NAPS: NAncay Preprocessing Software](#)

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This document is based on the on-line NAPS help file, written by P. Renaud. A manual (in french) is located in the folder `/home/renaud/naps/works` :

`naps_userguide.doc` (Feb. 2007 version)  
`naps_userguide.pdf` ( " " )

- [NAPS Cookbook](#)
- [NAPS summary of commands](#)

The lines below date back to 2000. You should rather consider the above summary and cookbook pdf files, as in Feb. 2008.

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*P. Colom, J-M. Martin - February 2002*

*P. Colom - March 2008*

# NAPS: NAncay Preprocessing Software (written by Patrice Renaud)

NRT autocorrelator data reduction, calibration, exportation in SIR and FITS formats. (Document prepared by Jean-Michel Martin & Pierre Colom (V1.0 2002/01/10 - LaTeX 27-FEB-2002)

This document is based on the on-line NAPS help file, written by P. Renaud. A manual (in french) is located in the folder /home/renaud/naps/works :

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*P. Colom, J-M. Martin - February 2002*

*P. Colom - March 2008*

## MAIN NAPS (NAnçay Pre-processing Software) COMMANDS

JMM, PC - 2007/10, 2008/02

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### 1) Introduction

One observation (= one unique scan number) comprises one or several cycles.

One cycle is described by the map file, and most of the time it includes noise diode calibrations, one ON and one OFF phase, made of individual integrations, lasting between 1 and 32 sec.

Naps is intended to do:

- data calibration
- elimination of bad integrations, or more coarsely bad cycles
- averaging of integrations
- phase arithmetic: (ON-OFF)/OFF for example
- averaging cycles
- save (i.e. all correlator banks, or all filters) to SIR format (or FITS format, CLASS-compatible).

Calibration takes into account a correction factor to cope with mirrors inclination.

### 2) How to connect

The working machine is nrt.obs-nancay.fr

From telesto.obs-nancay.fr (local or NX users):

Type in the ASCII terminal:

Type: ssh nrt -X -Y  
(same password as for telesto)

### 3) A short naps session

Then type naps  
(wait for the prompt NAPS> )

```
NAPS> set scan 113293
the scan number of the file you want to look at and save after process.
```

```
NAPS> proc scan
```

```
NAPS> show cycle n
```

```
NAPS> set result fits
Selects only the FITS format output
```

```
NAPS> save cycle
each cycle is saved, much more fits file...
```

```
NAPS> save
```

```
NAPS> exit
```

Command	Explanation
set duic xxxx	Sets the proper owner extension for file names. Should be automatically set for users' data.
set scan xxxxx	Select the data file to process set scan 110234-111444 takes all existing files set scan 110120 111440 111444 for specific files
show cycle x	Displays calibrated (ON-OFF)/OFF cycle number x
set dirdata	Changes raw data directory: set dirdata /data2/230/2007B/
set dirfits	Changes the FITS file directory: set dirfits /home/martin/fitsARP220
set result sir fits	Sets output file formats to fits plus Nançay sir (default: only sir format)
set result fits	Selects only the FITS output
proc scan	Calculates the rms in the bandpass for each cycle; takes clip and win into account
sup cycle x	Suppress cycle x manually
ena clip	Enables the clipping mode (if necessary): sets the
set clip 50	clipping level to 50 (Jy, in default cal. Mode), and does the clip on all banks
inte	Calculates the averaged of cal. (ON-OFF)/OFF
save	Same as inte, plus writes on disk
inte2d	Same as inte, plus interference elimination
save2d	Same as save, plus interference elimination
disp mode=x	2 dimension display of the data. See short manual
plot	Creates a PS file of the displayed data plot.
help	Displays the ascii help file (in french). Summary of all commands translated in the NRT support web site.
exit	Exit

**Table 1.** Short reminder of main commands.

One of the powerful tools of the NAPS software is the automatic channel elimination. The following commands disp mode=x displays the (flagged) data in time-frequency images.

Command	Explanation
disp mode=1	Displays all basic integrations (i.e. Spectra, including calibration data ; no phase arithmetics)
disp mode=2	Same, but flags channels which are polluted by interferences
disp mode=3	Displays basic integrations in (ON-OFF) mode. Polluted channels are flagged.
disp mode=4	Same + bottom 1-D plots displays cleaned spectra and the percentage of flagged data per channel
disp mode=5	Displays each cycle, after (ON-OFF) calculus.

**Table 2.** 2D display and bad channels elimination.

For more explanations, see short manual : naps\_summary.tex (.pdf)

# 1 NAPS: NAncay Preprocessing Software (written by Patrice Renaud)

NRT autocorrelator data reduction, calibration, exportation in SIR and FITS formats. (Document prepared by Jean-Michel Martin & Pierre Colom (V2 2008/03/26 - LaTeX 26-MAR-2008) This document is based on the on-line NAPS help file, written by P. Renaud. A manual (in french) is located in the folder `/home/renaud/naps/works` :

```
naps_userguide.doc  (Feb. 2007 version)  
naps_userguide.pdf  (      "      "      )
```

## 1.1 Definitions

- SCAN : raw observation of a source.

Data written in `nnnXXXX.UIC` files, with :

`nnn` backend type (nco, fil...)

`XXXXX` SCAN NUMBER

`UIC` TELESCOPE USER ID

A SCAN includes some headers and one or several CYCLEs.

- CYCLE : Includes several PHASEs. A classical observation in position-switch mode would involve four phases :

- one calibration phase (on source),
- one ON source acquisition phase,
- one calibration phase (off source),
- one OFF source acquisition phase.

Some peculiar telescope setup files may involve more phases.

Each PHASE is made of several INTEGRATIONS (1 2 4 8 16 or 32 sec).

Each INTEGRATION contains 2 to 8 spectra, as the receiver may observe up to 4 frequencies, 1 to 4 polarization parameters

### 1.1.1 What is NAPS doing ?

Shortly, once a SCAN is selected, the software :

- eliminates bad integrations (in the acquisition phases) - if required
- averages all integrations for each acquisition phase
- performs the phase arithmetic (for instance ON-OFF/OFF) for each cycle
- performs the flux density scale calibration
- averages the cycles
- displays and saves the result on disk (if required) in FITS format or in the NRT SIR data processing specific format.

## 1.2 Commands summary (with examples)

(NAPS commands may be typed in upper case or lower case characters.)

When entering in NAPS, your .configdep file is read; see Miscellaneous section.

### 1.2.1 SCAN (observation number == raw data files) selection

```
-- LIST SCAN      Lists the available scan numbers
-- SET DUIC      Selects the user ID of the scans to be processed
                  SET DUIC 171
-- SET SCAN      Selects the scan numbers to be processed
                  SET SCAN 10210 11222-11320
                  SET SCAN *
-- SET SOU, SET COMP, SET REF selects the phase numbers for the
                  ON, OFF and REFERENCE phases.
                  (ON-OFF)/OFF is calculated for each cycle.
-- SET NOSOU, SET NOCOMP, SET NOREF
                  after SET NOREF, NAPS calculates only (ON-OFF)
                  for each cycle.
                  after SET NOSOU (and SET NOREF), the OFF phase is
                  kept for each cycle.
-- SHOW SESSION  Shows session parameters
-- SET DIRDATA, SET DIRSIR, SET DIRFITS selects working directories
                  SET DIRDATA /data1/guest3
                  SET DIRDATA /data2/calib (for raw test or cal. data)
-- SHOW SESSION  Shows session parameters
```

### 1.2.2 Data visualisation (1D)

```
-- SHOW CYCLE    Displays one cycle (from one to all correlator banks)
                  SHOW CYCLE 1
                  SHOW CYCLE 1-10      (use NEXT to display the cycles 2-10)
                  SHOW CYCLE 2, BATT=3 (third correlator bank -- BATTERIE
                  in french)
-- NEXT          Displays the next cycle
-- SHOW SPECTRE  Displays the integrations (elementary spectra)
                  SHOW SPECTRE CYCLE=1, PHASE=2, INTE=3
                  SHSPEC 1,2,3 (shortcut)
-- SHOW FILTRE   Displays the broad band filter data
                  SHOW FILTRE 1 (all filters, CYCLE 1)
                  SHOW FILTRE 1,4 (filter number 4, CYCLE 1)
-- SET X         Sets the units for the abscissa axis
                  Arguments are : CHAN (channels)
                  FREQ (frequencies)
                  VEL  (velocity)
```

```

SET X VEL
-- SET YPR      Sets the Y Plot Range
                  SET YPR 3 (range = +/- 3 sigmas)
-- ENA VISU, DISA VISU enables or disables the graphic display
-- ENA WNEW      a new graphic window is created for each plot
-- DISA WNEW     disables the WNEW mode
-- SET PSYM      selects the symbol used for the plots
-- PLOT          writes the plot in a POSTSCRIPT file

```

### 1.2.3 2D Data display and processing

(2D time frequency display of each correlator bank.)

```

-- DISP MODE=1  Displays all cal. and acquisition integrations
-- DISP MODE=2  Displays the acquisition integrations and marks the
                  channels which show radio interferences
-- DISP MODE=3  Displays the acquisition integrations using an ON-OFF
                  algorithm (cleans the 'OFF' which is substracted to
                  each integration)
-- DISP MODE=4  Same, displays a cleaned ON-OFF spectrum and the percentage
                  of removed data for each channel.
-- DISP MODE=5  Displays all cycles after ON-OFF arithmetics.
                  DISP MODE=1, BATT=1
-- ENA/DISA CLR Enables/disables the RFI detection algorithm
-- INTE2D        Same as command INTE, with RFI cleaning algorithm working
                  in each cycle
-- SAVE2D        Same as command SAVE, with RFI cleaning algorithm working
                  in each cycle
-- SET YPR       Curve min and max fixed, below each 2D image

```

### 1.2.4 SCANs process

```

-- PROC SCAN     Scan processing (Tsys are shown at the end)
                  CLIP, WIN and ILR constraints are used
-- DUMP MAP, DUMP SOU, DUMP SCAN, DUMP TABCAL, LIST TABCAL
-- DISA/ENA BREAK Save all the selected SCANs, with one SAVE command.
                  ENA BREAK (default)

```

### 1.2.5 USING a MASK for estimating the TSYs

```

-- SET MASK      SET MASK 100-200, BATT=1-4
                  channels 100 to 200, in spectra type 1 to 4
-- ENA MASK      Enables MASK, necessary after MASK definition
-- DISA MASK     Disables MASK
-- SET DEFMASK   Back to default mask: 5 first and last points
-- SET NOMASK    Deletes the default mask

```

## 1.2.6 Suppress cycles/banks

```
-- SUP CYCLE      (shortcut SUPC) suppress cycles
                  SUP CYCLE 2-3 4,batt=4
                  SUPC 2-3 4,0,0,4
-- SET CLIP       Sets a limit for the cycles' Tsys.
                  SET CLIP 100          (for all banks)
                  SET CLIP 100 150 100 200 (for each bank)
-- ENA/DISA CLIP  Enables/disables the CLIPping
                  DISA CLIP (default)
-- SET WIN        Sets a Tsys window, in order to reject cycles
                  in units of rms (rms of the cycle's Tsys)
                  SET WIN -2 2
                  The CLIP action is done before the WIN rejection.
-- ENA/DISA WIN  Enables/disables the WINDOW-based selection.
                  DISA WIN (default)
```

## 1.2.7 Automatic removal of integrations

(use with care : this algorithm deletes always a certain percentage of integrations in every phases/cycles)

```
-- SET ILR        Sets the ILR (Integration Limit Rms)
                  SET ILR 1.2
-- ENA/DISA ILR   Enables/disables this mode. 'Worst integrations'
                  removal is performed by the command PROC SCAN
                  DISA ILR (default)
-- DUMP SCAN      Displays the flag array for all the integrations
-- RESET          Resets flagged integrations
-- RESET ALL      Resets all cycles
```

## 1.2.8 Automatic removal of 'bad' channels

(see also the DISP, INTE2D and SAVE2D commands)

```
-- SET CLR        Sets the CLR (Channel Limit Rms)
-- ENA/DISA CLR   Enables/disables this mode.
                  ENA CLR (default)
```

## 1.2.9 Integration and creation of final spectra (result files)

```
-- INTE          Averages cycles (possibly after PROC SCAN) + display
-- INTE2D         Averages cycles using the 2D cleaning algorithm + display
-- SAVE           INTE + creation of a disk file (FITS or SIR format)
-- SAVE2D         INTE2D + creation of a disk file (FITS or SIR format)
-- SAVE CYCLE    Saves each cycle on disk (FITS or SIR format)
-- SAVE INTE     Saves each integration on disk (FITS or SIR format)
```

```
(Be careful : you may create hundreds of disk files!)
-- GO          Next scan
```

### 1.2.10 Miscellaneous

NAPS can work with script files. The script file names must include the extension .naps.

```
-- CALL myscriptfile
-- SET IDENT      Changes the default NAPS identification of the final
                  result file (for SIR format outputs only)
-- ENA/DISA CAL   Enables/disables the K-Jy calibration.
-- ENA/DISA EFFI   Takes into account (default) or not the radio telescope
                  efficiency variation on declination in the calibration
                  calculus.
-- ENA/DISA TABCAL Prints the attenuation and Noise Diode values used
                  by PROC SCAN
-- ENA/DISA RHO    Prints the rho(0) (first point of the autocorrelation
                  function) values used by PROC SCAN.
-- DUMP FREQ       Prints the receiver's frequency setups.
-- ENA/DISA FREQ   Writes in addition the spectra with FREQuency axis
                  (usefull for SIR format outputs) in the same SIR
                  result files.
```

Example of a .configdep file. (one line only !)  
/data2/171/2008A/ /home/colom/sir/resultat/def/  
/home/colom/sir/sorties/ /ps /ps /home/colom/fitsdata/

This file can be edited with a standard editor, or with the FIP tool.

## 1.3 More explanations Start of a Reference Manual

**LIST SCAN** Lists the scan numbers which are in the selected folder. This folder may be selected via the file .configdep, located in the user's home directory, or with the command SET DIRDATA. The file .configdep is created by the FIP software, and can be modified by the user.

Example for user dupont with the data on /data2/uic/2008A/ (holds on one line):

```
/data2/uic/2008A/ /home/dupont/sir/resultat/groupe1/
/home/dupont/sir/sorties/ /ps /ps /home/dupont/fitsdata/
```

where uic is the id 3 digits number of user dupont, and 2008A the semester of the observations. Do not forget the last / sign in the definitions.

**SET DUIC** Selects the user ID of the scan to process. The default DUIC is the standard UNIX/NRT user ID.

**SET SCAN** Selects the scan numbers to be processed. The character \* selects all the scans available in the raw data folder. Example :

NAPS> SET SCAN 1435 10-20

The scan number 1435 and the scans with numbers between 10 and 20 will be processed successively. The first valid scan is selected and the system temperatures of the scan are typed.

NAPS applies a calibration (Jy) on the autocorrelator *and* the filter data, using calibration data obtained from systematic observations of series of standard radio sources.

Since November 13th 2000, the noise diode calibration sequences are recorded with both the autocorrelator and the filter bank. Each noise diode sequence is stored as three autocorrelator integrations of 1 second each (and three filter bank data points as well). With these integrations, it is possible to calibrate all polarisation setups, including the cross-polar ones like EW, EW\*, using the  $\rho(0)$  power which is written after each spectrum.

## Definitions

- SCAN : raw observation of a source.

Data written in nnnXXXXX.UIC files, with :

nnn backend type (sao, nco, fil...)

XXXXX SCAN NUMBER

UIC TELESCOPE USER ID

A SCAN includes some headers and several CYCLES.

- CYCLE : Includes several PHASEs. A classical observation in position-switch mode would involve four phases

:

- one calibration phase (on source),
- one ON source acquisition phase,
- one calibration phase (off source),
- one OFF source acquisition phase.

Some peculiar telescope setup files may involve more phases.

Each PHASE is made of several INTEGRATIONS.

Each INTEGRATION contains 2 to 8 spectra, as the receiver may observe up to 4 frequencies, 1 to 4 polarization parameters

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- [What is NAPS doing ?](#)

---

## What is NAPS doing ?

Shortly, once a SCAN is selected, the software :

- eliminates bad integrations (in the acquisition phases) - if required
- averages all integrations for each acquisition phase
- performs the phase arithmetic (for instance ON-OFF/OFF) for each cycle
- performs the flux density scale calibration
- averages the cycles
- displays and saves the result on disk (if required) in FITS format or in the NRT SIR data processing specific format.

---

*P. Colom, J-M. Martin - February 2002*

## Commands summary (with examples)

(NAPS commands may be typed in upper case or lower case characters.)

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- [Data visualisation \(1D\)](#)
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*P. Colom, J-M. Martin - February 2002*

## SCAN (observation number == raw data files) selection

```
-- LIST SCAN      Lists the available scan numbers
-- SET DUIC      Selects the user ID of the scans to be processed
                  SET DUIC 171
-- SET SCAN      Selects the scan numbers to be processed
                  SET SCAN 10210 11222-11320
                  SET SCAN *
-- SET SOU, SET COMP, SET REF selects the phase numbers for the
  ON, OFF and REFERENCE phases.
  (ON-OFF)/OFF is calculated for each cycle.
-- SET NOSOU, SET NOCOMP, SET NOREF
  after SET NOREF, NAPS calculates only (ON-OFF)
  for each cycle.
  after SET NOSOU (and SET NOREF), the OFF phase is
  kept for each cycle.
-- SHOW SESSION  Shows session parameters
-- SET DIRDATA, SET DIRSIR, SET DIRFITS selects working directories
                  SET DIRDATA /data1/guest3
                  SET DIRDATA /data2/calib (for raw test or cal. data)
-- SHOW SESSION  Shows session parameters
```

---

*P. Colom, J-M. Martin - February 2002*

## Data visualisation (1D)

```
-- SHOW CYCLE      Displays one cycle (from one to all correlator banks)
-- SHOW CYCLE 1
-- SHOW CYCLE 1-10   (use NEXT to display the cycles 2-10)
-- SHOW CYCLE 2, BATT=3  (third correlator bank -- BATTerie
--                      in french)
-- NEXT             Displays the next cycle
-- SHOW SPECTRE     Displays the integrations (elementary spectra)
-- SHOW SPECTRE CYCLE=1, PHASE=2, INT=3
-- SHSPECT 1,2,3    (shortcut)
-- SHOW FILTRE      Displays the broad band filter data
-- SHOW FILTRE 1    (all filters, CYCLE 1)
-- SHOW FILTRE 1,4  (filter number 4, CYCLE 1)
-- SET X             Sets the units for the abscissa axis
--                   Arguments are : CHAN (channels)
--                           FREQ (frequencies)
--                           VEL  (velocity)
-- SET X VEL
-- ENA VISU, DISA  VISU  enables or disables the graphic display
-- ENA WNEW          a new graphic window is created for each plot
-- DISA WNEW         disables the WNEW mode
-- SET PSYM          selects the symbol used for the plots
-- PLOT              writes the plot in a POSTSCRIPT file
```

## 2D Data display and processing

(2D time frequency display of each correlator bank.)

```
-- DISP MODE=1    Displays all cal. and acquisition integrations
-- DISP MODE=2    Displays the acquisition integrations and marks the
                  channels which show radio interferences
-- DISP MODE=3    Displays the acquisition integrations using an ON-OFF
                  algorithm (cleans the 'OFF' which is subtracted to
                  each integration)
-- DISP MODE=4    Same, displays a cleaned ON-OFF spectrum and the percentage
                  of removed data for each channel.
-- DISP MODE=5    Displays all cycles after ON-OFF arithmetics.
                  DISP MODE=1, BATT=1
-- ENA/DISA CLR  Enables/disables the RFI detection algorithm
-- INTE2D         Same as command INTE, with RFI cleaning algorithm working
                  in each cycle
-- SAVE2D         Same as command SAVE, with RFI cleaning algorithm working
                  in each cycle
-- SET YPR       Curve min and max fixed, below each 2D image
```

---

*P. Colom, J-M. Martin - February 2002*

Next: [USING a MASK for Up: Commands summary \(with examples\)](#) Previous: [2D Data display and SCANs process](#)

```
-- DISP MODE=1    Displays all cal. and acquisition integrations
-- DISP MODE=2    Displays the acquisition integrations and marks the
                  channels which show radio interferences
-- DISP MODE=3    Displays the acquisition integrations using an ON-OFF
                  algorithm (cleans the 'OFF' which is subtracted to
                  each integration)
-- DISP MODE=4    Same, displays a cleaned ON-OFF spectrum and the percentage
                  of removed data for each channel.
-- DISP MODE=5    Displays all cycles after ON-OFF arithmetics.
                  DISP MODE=1, BATT=1
-- ENA/DISA CLR   Enables/disables the RFI detection algorithm
-- INTE2D          Same as command INTE, with RFI cleaning algorithm working
                  in each cycle
-- SAVE2D          Same as command SAVE, with RFI cleaning algorithm working
-- PROC SCAN       Scan processing (Tsys are shown at the end)
                  CLIP, WIN and ILR constraints are used
-- DUMP MAP, DUMP SOU, DUMP SCAN, DUMP TABCAL, LIST TABCAL
-- DISA/ENA BREAK  Save all the selected SCANS, with one SAVE command.
                  ENA BREAK (default)
```

---

*P. Colom, J-M. Martin - February 2002*

## USING a MASK for estimating the TSYS

```
-- SET MASK      SET MASK 100-200, BATT=1-4
                  channels 100 to 200, in spectra type 1 to 4
-- ENA MASK      Enables MASK, necessary after MASK definition
-- DISA MASK     Disables MASK
-- SET DEFMASK   Back to default mask: 5 first and last points
-- SET NOMASK    Deletes the default mask
```

---

*P. Colom, J-M. Martin - February 2002*

## Supress cycles/banks

```
-- SUP CYCLE      (shortcut SUPC) suppress cycles
  SUP CYCLE 2-3 4,batt=4
  SUPC 2-3 4,0,0,4
-- SET CLIP       Sets a limit for the cycles' Tsys.
  SET CLIP 100          (for all banks)
  SET CLIP 100 150 100 200 (for each bank)
-- ENA/DISA CLIP  Enables/disables the CLIPping
-- SET WIN        Sets a Tsys window, in order to reject cycles
                  in units of rms (rms of the cycle's Tsys)
  SET WIN -2 2
-- ENA/DISA WIN  The CLIP action is done before the WIN rejection.
                  Enables/disables the WINdow-based selection.
```

---

*P. Colom, J-M. Martin - February 2002*

## Automatic removal of integrations

```
(use with care : this algorithm deletes always a certain percentage of
integrations in every phases/cycles)
-- SET ILR          Sets the ILR (Integration Limit Rms)
-- SET ILR 1.2      SET ILR 1.2
-- ENA/DISA ILR    Enables/disables this mode. 'Worst integrations'
                   removal is performed by the command PROC SCAN
-- DUMP SCAN        Displays the flag array for all the integrations
-- RESET            Resets flagged integrations
-- RESET ALL        Resets all cycles
```

---

*P. Colom, J-M. Martin - February 2002*

**Next:** [Integration and creation of Up: Commands summary \(with examples\)](#) **Previous:** [Automatic removal of integrations](#)

## Automatic removal of 'bad' channels

(see also the DISP, INTE2D and SAVE2D commands)  
-- SET CLR Sets the CLR (Channel Limit Rms)  
-- ENA/DISA CLR Enables/disables this mode.

---

*P. Colom, J-M. Martin - February 2002*

## Integration and creation of final spectra (FITS files & result files)

```
-- INTE          Averages cycles (possibly after PROC SCAN) + display
-- INTE2D        Averages cycles using the 2D cleaning algorithm+disp.
-- SAVE          INTE + creation of a disk file (FITS or SIR format)
-- SAVE2D        INTE2D + creation of a disk file (FITS or SIR format)
-- SAVEINTE     Saves each integration on disk (FITS or SIR format)
               (Be careful : you may create hundreds of disk files!)
-- GO           Next scan
```

---- .... output fits format : ---- SET DIRFITS fitspath/ override the FITS default path (see .configdep) ---- SET RESULT FITS spectra will be saved in FITS format ---- .... output Nancay specific format : ---- SET DIRSIR sirpath/ default path ---- SET RESULT SIR spectra will be saved in SIR format

---

*P. Colom, J-M. Martin - July 15, 2002*

## Miscellaneous

NAPS can work with script files. The script file names must include the extension .naps.

```
-- CALL myscriptfile
-- SET IDENT      Changes the default NAPS identification of the final
                  result file (for SIR format outputs only)
-- ENA/DISA CAL   Enables/disables the K-Jy calibration.
-- ENA/DISA EFFI   Takes into account (def.) or not the radiotelescope
                  efficiency variation on declination in the calibra
                  tion calculus.
-- DISA EFFI
-- ENA/DISA TABCAL Prints the attenuation and Noise Diode values used
                  by PROC SCAN
-- ENA/DISA RHO    Prints the rho(0) (first point of the autocorrelation
                  function) values used by PROC SCAN.
-- DUMP FREQ       Prints the receiver's frequency setups.
-- ENA/DISA FREQ   Writes in addition the spectra with FREQuency axis
                  (usefull for SIR format outputs) in the same SIR
                  result files.
```

Example of a .configdep file. (one line only !)

```
/data1/theureau/TEST/ /usr/users/martin/jmm/sir/resultat/def/
/usr/users/martin/sir/sorties/ /ps /ps /usr/users/martin/jmm/fitsdata/
```

This file can be edited with a standard editor, or with the FIP tool.

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The command line arguments were:

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The translation was initiated by Jean-Michel Martin de ARPEGES on Wed Feb 27 14:13:58 MET 2002

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*P. Colom, J-M. Martin - February 2002*